CITY OF UNALASKA HAZARD MITIGATION PLAN (HMP)

February 2013

This newsletter discusses the preparation of the City of Unalaska Hazard Mitigation Plan. It has been prepared to inform interested agencies, stakeholders, and the public about the project and to solicit comments. This newsletter can also be viewed on the State of Alaska Division of Homeland Security and Emergency Management Website at http://www.ready.alaska.gov/plans/localhazmitplans.htm.

HMP Development

The City of Unalaska was one of fifteen communities selected by the State of Alaska, Division of Homeland Security and Emergency Management (DHS&EM) for a Hazard Mitigation Planning (HMP) development project. The plan identifies natural hazards that affect the community including earthquake, erosion, flood, ground failure, severe weather, and wildland (tundra) fire. The HMP also identifies the people and facilities potentially at risk and ways to mitigate hazards. The public participation and planning process has been documented as part of the project.

What is Hazard Mitigation?

Across the United States, natural disasters have increasingly caused injury, death, property damage, and business and government service interruptions. The toll on individuals, families, and businesses can be very high. The time, money, and emotional effort required to respond to and recover from these disasters take public resources and attention away from other important programs and problems.

The people and property in the State of Alaska are at risk from a variety of hazards that have the potential for causing human injury, property damage, or environmental harm.

The purpose of hazard mitigation is to implement projects that eliminate the risk or reduce the severity of hazards on people and property. Mitigation programs may include short-term and long-term activities to reduce the hazards, reduce exposure to hazards, or reduce the effects of hazards. Mitigation could include education, and construction projects. Hazard mitigation activity examples include relocating buildings, developing or strengthening building codes, and educating residents and building owners.

Why Do We Need A Hazard Mitigation Plan?

A community is only eligible to receive grant money for mitigation programs by preparing and adopting a hazard mitigation plan. Communities must have an approved mitigation plan to receive grant funding from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) for eligible mitigation projects.

The Planning Process

There are very specific federal requirements that must be met when preparing a hazard mitigation plan. These requirements are commonly referred to as the Disaster Mitigation Act of 2000, or DMA2000 criteria. Information about the criteria may be found on the Internet at: http://www.fema.gov/plan/mitplanning/guidance.shtm

The DMA2000 requires the plan to document the following topics:

- Planning process
- □ Hazard identification
- Risk assessment
- □ Goals
- □ Mitigation programs, actions, and projects
- □ A resolution from the community adopting the plan

FEMA has prepared Planning Guidance which is available at: <u>http://www.fema.gov/library/viewRecord.do?id=4225;</u> and "How to" Guides that explain in detail how each of the DMA2000 requirements is met. These guides are available at <u>http://www.fema.gov/plan/mitplanning/resources.shtm.</u> The Unalaska Hazard Mitigation Plan will follow those guidelines.

The planning process kicked-off in April 2012 by establishing a local planning committee and holding a public meeting. The planning committee examined the full spectrum of hazards listed in the State Hazard Mitigation Plan and identified six hazards the HMP would address.

After the first public meeting, City staff and URS began identifying critical facilities, compiling the hazard profiles, assessing capabilities, and conducting the risk assessment for the identified hazards. Critical facilities are facilities that are critical to the recovery of a community in the event of a disaster. After collection of this information, URS helped to determine which critical facilities and estimated populations are vulnerable to the identified hazards in Unalaska.

A mitigation strategy was the next component of the plan to be developed. Understanding the community's local capabilities and using information gathered from the public and the local planning committee and the expertise of the consultants and agency staff, a mitigation strategy was developed. The mitigation strategy is based on an

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evaluation of the hazards, and the assets at risk from those hazards. Mitigation goals and a list of potential actions/projects were developed as the foundation of the mitigation strategy. Mitigation goals are defined as general guidelines that explain what a community wants to achieve in terms of hazard and loss prevention. Goals are positively stated future situations that are typically long-range, policyoriented statements representing community-wide visions. Mitigation actions/projects are undertaken in order to achieve your stated objectives. On January 18, 2013, the local planning committee identified projects/actions for each hazard that focus on six categories: prevention, property protection, public education and awareness, natural resource protection, emergency services, and structural projects. A representative sample of the mitigation actions identified as a priority by the planning team are listed below, and explained in more detail in the plan.

The selected projects and actions will potentially be implemented over the next five years as funding becomes available. A maintenance plan has also been developed for the hazard mitigation plan. It outlines how the community will monitor progress on achieving the projects/actions that will help meet the stated goals and objectives, as well as an outline for continued public involvement.

The draft plan is available in the City and Tribal offices for public review and comment. Comments should be made via email, fax, or phone to the contact person below and be received no later than March 1, 2013. The plan will be provided to DHS&EM and FEMA for their approval prior to formal adoption by Unalaska's City and Tribal Councils.

The Planning Committee

The plan was developed with the assistance from a planning committee consisting of a cross section of the community. Planning committee members who helped with development of the plan include Director of Public Safety and Team Leader, Jamie Sunderland, with assistance from Planning Director Erin Reinders, Planning Administrator Rosie Glorso, and Qawalangin Tribal President Denise Rankin, Tribal CEO Rick Miller, Tribal Administrator Robin Waldron, and URS Corporation.

Sample of the City of Orlalaska's Millyation Actions. Review the drait hime for a complete list.		
Unalaska Comprehensive Plan, 20/20 identified projects are included within the HMP's Mitigation Strategy.	Identify and pursue funding opportunities to implement mitigation actions.	Install embankment protection along Icy Dam reservoir.
Develop, produce, and distribute information materials concerning mitigation, preparedness, and safety procedures for all identified natural hazards.	Complete a landslide location inventory; identify threatened critical facilities and other buildings and infrastructure.	Identify and harden utility headers located along river embankments to mitigate potential flood, debris, and erosion damages.
Develop public outreach program to train proper response to each natural hazard type, i.e. Earthquake: drop, cover, and hold-on; Structure fire: Drop and Roll, and Drop and Crawl.	Develop critical facility list needing emergency back-up power systems, prioritize, seek funding, and implement mitigation actions.	Evaluate critical public facility seismic performance for fire stations, public works buildings, potable water systems, wastewater systems, electric power systems, and bridges within the jurisdiction.
The City and Tribe will aggressively manage their existing plans to ensure they incorporate mitigation planning provisions into all community planning processes such as comprehensive, capital improvement, and land use plans, etc. to demonstrate multi- benefit considerations and facilitate using multiple funding sources. Develop, revise, adopt, and enforce storm water ordinances and regulations to manage	Purchase and install generators with main power distribution disconnect switches for identified and prioritized critical facilities susceptible to short term power disruption. (i.e. first responder and medical facilities, schools, correctional facilities, and water and sewage treatment plants, etc.)	Perform hydrologic and hydraulic engineering, and drainage studies and analyses. Use information obtained for feasibility determination and project design. This information should be a key component, directly related to implementing a proposed project identified from the study.
run-off from new development, including buffers and retention ponds.		

Sample of the City of Unalaska's Mitigation Actions. Review the draft HMP for a complete list.

We encourage you to learn more about the City of Unalaska's Hazard Mitigation Plan. The purpose of this newsletter is to keep you informed and to allow you every opportunity to voice your opinion regarding this important project. If you have any questions, comments, or requests for more information, please contact:

Scott Simmons, Hazard Mitigation, Emergency Management, and Climate Change Planner URS Corporation 700 G Street, Suite 500 Anchorage, Alaska 99501 907.261.9706 or 800.909.6787 scott_simmons@urscorp.com

Scott Nelsen, Emergency Management Specialist DHS&EM P.O. Box 5750 Fort Richardson, Alaska 99506 907.428.7010 or 800.478.2337 Scott.Nelsen@alaska.gov